土地註冊處營運基金



土地註冊處於1993年8月成為香港最先以營運基金形式運作的政府部門之一。營運基金是為鼓勵加強服務及回應客戶需要而設計的一項公共財政安排。土地註冊處處長是土地註冊處營運基金的總經理。

在營運基金模式下,土地註冊處仍是一個公營機構,但要自行管理財政,收入來自其提供服務所得的費用,以自負盈虧的模式經營。營運基金須向公帑支付紅利,但可以保留投資收益,用作改善服務。此外,基金享有自主權,可決定進行支援部門服務的資本投資項目,並可靈活調配員工,以回應客戶的服務需求。

營運基金的年報及經審計署署長認證的財務報表,每年均須提交香港特別行政區立法會省覽。



In August 1993, the Land Registry was established as one of Hong Kong's first Trading Fund Departments. The trading fund concept is an approach to public financing designed to encourage greater focus on improving services and responding to customer needs. The Land Registrar serves as the General Manager of the Land Registry Trading Fund.

Under the trading fund model, the Land Registry remains a public agency but is responsible for its own finances and must meet its expenditure from the income derived from fees and charges for the services that it provides. The Trading Fund pays dividends to public funds but may otherwise retain profits to invest for service improvements. In particular, it has autonomy over capital investment projects that will support its services and has flexibility to redeploy staff to respond to the service needs of clients and customers.

The Trading Fund's Annual Report and the certified financial statements by the Director of Audit must be tabled in the Legislative Council of the Hong Kong Special Administrative Region each year.