



財務報表

Certified Financial Statements

全面收益表

Statement of Comprehensive Income

截至二零一二年三月三十一日止年度
(以港幣千元表示)

for the year ended 31 March 2012
(Expressed in thousands of Hong Kong dollars)

		附註 Note	2012	2011
營業額	Turnover	3	426,796	573,396
運作成本	Operating costs	4	(340,014)	(340,768)
運作盈利	Profit from operations		86,782	232,628
其他收入	Other income	5	29,699	9,656
名義利得稅前盈利	Profit before notional profits tax		116,481	242,284
名義利得稅	Notional profits tax	6	(18,139)	(38,822)
年度盈利	Profit for the year		98,342	203,462
其他全面收益	Other comprehensive income		—	—
年度總全面收益	Total comprehensive income for the year		98,342	203,462
固定資產回報率	Rate of return on fixed assets	7	19.7%	52.6%

第99至125頁的附註為本財務報表的一部分。

The notes on pages 99 to 125 form part of these financial statements.

財務狀況表

Statement of Financial Position

於二零一二年三月三十一日
(以港幣千元表示)

as at 31 March 2012
(Expressed in thousands of Hong Kong dollars)

		附註 Note	2012	2011
非流動資產	Non-current assets			
物業、設備及器材	Property, plant and equipment	8	302,796	312,215
無形資產	Intangible assets	9	51,094	65,214
持至期滿的證券	Held-to-maturity securities	10	101,165	101,093
外匯基金存款	Placement with the Exchange Fund	11	415,205	—
			870,260	478,522
流動資產	Current assets			
應收帳款及預繳款項	Debtors and prepayments		20,309	14,834
應收關連人士帳款	Amounts due from related parties		6,796	11,968
應退名義利得稅	Notional profits tax recoverable		4,887	—
銀行存款	Bank deposits		170,000	580,000
現金及銀行結餘	Cash and bank balances		48,292	53,623
			250,284	660,425
流動負債	Current liabilities			
遞延收入	Deferred revenue	12	11,044	13,615
客戶按金	Customers' deposits	13	27,481	26,760
應付帳款	Creditors		8,761	8,841
應付關連人士帳款	Amounts due to related parties		1,437	1,266
僱員福利撥備	Provision for employee benefits	14	6,683	4,847
應付名義利得稅	Notional profits tax payable		—	13,131
			55,406	68,460
流動資產淨額	Net current assets		194,878	591,965
總資產減去流動負債	Total assets less current liabilities		1,065,138	1,070,487

第99至125頁的附註為本財務報表的一部分。

The notes on pages 99 to 125 form part of these financial statements.

財務狀況表(續) Statement of Financial Position (continued)

		附註 Note	2012	2011
非流動負債	Non-current liabilities			
遞延稅項	Deferred tax	15	11,780	14,802
僱員福利撥備	Provision for employee benefits	14	74,036	72,974
			85,816	87,776
資產淨額	NET ASSETS		979,322	982,711
資本及儲備	CAPITAL AND RESERVES			
營運基金資本	Trading fund capital	16	118,300	118,300
保留盈利	Retained earnings	17	811,851	762,680
擬發股息	Proposed dividend	18	49,171	101,731
			979,322	982,711

聶世蘭太平紳士
土地註冊處營運基金總經理
二零一二年九月十七日

Ms. Olivia NIP, JP
General Manager, Land Registry Trading Fund
17 September 2012

第99至125頁的附註為本財務報表的一部分。
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權益變動表 Statement of Changes in Equity

截至二零一二年三月三十一日止年度
(以港幣千元表示)

for the year ended 31 March 2012
(Expressed in thousands of Hong Kong dollars)

		2012	2011
在年初的結餘	Balance at beginning of year	982,711	854,103
年度總全面收益	Total comprehensive income for the year	98,342	203,462
年內已付股息	Dividend paid during the year	(101,731)	(74,854)
在年終的結餘	Balance at end of year	979,322	982,711

第99至125頁的附註為本財務報表的一部分。

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現金流量表 Statement of Cash Flows

截至二零一二年三月三十一日止年度
(以港幣千元表示)

for the year ended 31 March 2012
(Expressed in thousands of Hong Kong dollars)

	附註 Note	2012	2011
營運項目的現金流量	Cash flows from operating activities		
運作盈利	Profit from operations	86,782	232,628
折舊及攤銷	Depreciation and amortisation	30,552	35,248
處置固定資產虧損	Loss on disposal of fixed assets	—	982
應收帳款及應收 關連人士帳款的 減少／(增加)	Decrease/(Increase) in debtors and amounts due from related parties	5,057	(3,485)
遞延收入的減少	Decrease in deferred revenue	(2,571)	(158)
應付帳款及應付 關連人士帳款的減少	Decrease in creditors and amounts due to related parties	(2,438)	(2,749)
僱員福利撥備的 增加／(減少)	Increase/(Decrease) in provision for employee benefits	2,898	(1,726)
客戶按金的增加	Increase in customers' deposits	721	1,004
已付名義利得稅	Notional profits tax paid	(39,179)	(35,816)
營運項目的現金 流入淨額	Net cash from operating activities	81,822	225,928
投資項目的現金流量	Cash flows from investing activities		
銀行存款的減少 (等同現金除外)	Decrease in bank deposits (other than cash equivalents)	40,000	117,000
添置固定資產	Purchase of fixed assets	(4,484)	(54,718)
外匯基金存款的增加	Increase in placement with the Exchange Fund	(415,205)	—
已收利息	Interest received	24,267	8,853
投資項目的現金 (流出)／流入淨額	Net cash (used in)/from investing activities	(355,422)	71,135

第99至125頁的附註為本財務報表的一部分。

The notes on pages 99 to 125 form part of these financial statements.

現金流量表(續) Statement of Cash Flows (*continued*)

	附註 Note	2012	2011
融資項目的現金流量 已付股息	Cash flows from financing activities Dividend paid	(101,731)	(74,854)
融資項目的現金 流出淨額	Net cash used in financing activities	(101,731)	(74,854)
現金及等同現金的 (減少)/增加淨額	Net (decrease)/increase in cash and cash equivalents	(375,331)	222,209
在年初的現金及 等同現金	Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year	593,623	371,414
在年終的現金及 等同現金	Cash and cash equivalents at end of year 19	218,292	593,623

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財務報表附註 Notes to the Financial Statements

(除另有註明外，所有金額
均以港幣千元為表示單位)

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Hong Kong dollars,
unless otherwise stated)

1. 總論

General

立法會在一九九三年六月三十日根據《營運基金條例》(第430章)第3、4及6條通過決議案，在一九九三年八月一日設立土地註冊處營運基金。土地註冊處備存載列最新資料的土地登記冊以執行土地註冊制度，並向客戶提供查閱土地登記冊和有關土地記錄的服務和設施。此外，土地註冊處亦負責辦理業主立案法團的申請。

The Land Registry Trading Fund ("LRTF") was established on 1 August 1993 under the Legislative Council Resolution passed on 30 June 1993 pursuant to sections 3, 4 and 6 of the Trading Funds Ordinance (Cap. 430). The Land Registry administers a land registration system by maintaining an up-to-date Land Register and provides its customers with services and facilities for searches of the Land Register and related land records. The Land Registry also processes applications for the incorporation of owners.

2. 主要會計政策

Significant accounting policies

2.1 符合準則聲明

Statement of compliance

本財務報表是按照香港公認的會計原則及所有適用的香港財務報告準則(此詞是統稱，當中包括香港會計師公會頒布的所有適用的個別香港財務報告準則、香港會計準則及詮釋)編製。土地註冊處營運基金採納的主要會計政策摘要如下。

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in Hong Kong and all applicable Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards ("HKFRSs"), a collective term which includes all applicable individual Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards, Hong Kong Accounting Standards ("HKASs") and Interpretations issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants ("HKICPA"). A summary of the significant accounting policies adopted by the LRTF is set out below.

財務報表附註(續) Notes to the Financial Statements *(continued)*

2. 主要會計政策(續)

Significant accounting policies *(continued)*

2.2 編製財務報表的基礎

Basis of preparation of the financial statements

本財務報表的編製基礎均以原值成本法計量。

The measurement basis used in the preparation of the financial statements is historical cost.

編製符合香港財務報告準則的財務報表需要土地註冊處營運基金管理層作出判斷、估計及假設。該等判斷、估計及假設會影響會計政策的實施，以及資產與負債和收入與支出的呈報款額。該等估計及相關的假設，均按以往經驗及其他在有關情況下被認為合適的因素而制訂。倘若沒有其他現成數據可供參考，則會採用該等估計及假設作為判斷有關資產及負債的帳面值的基礎。估計結果或會與實際價值有所不同。

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with HKFRSs requires the management of LRTF to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of policies and reported amounts of assets, liabilities, income and expenses. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and various other factors that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances, the results of which form the basis of making judgements about carrying values of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

該等估計及其所依據的假設會作持續檢討。如修訂會計估計只會影響當年的會計期，當年的會計期內會確認有關修訂；如修訂會影響當年及未來的會計期，則會在當年及未來的會計期內確認有關修訂。

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised if the revision affects only that period, or in the period of the revision and future periods if the revision affects both current and future periods.

土地註冊處營運基金在實施會計政策方面並不涉及任何關鍵的會計判斷。無論對未來作出的假設，或在報告期結束日估計過程中所存在的不明朗因素，皆不足以構成重大風險，導致資產和負債的帳面金額在來年大幅修訂。

There are no critical accounting judgements involved in the application of the LRTF's accounting policies. There are also no key assumptions concerning the future, or other key sources of estimation uncertainty at the end of the reporting period, that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the next year.

財務報表附註(續) Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

2. 主要會計政策(續)

Significant accounting policies (continued)

2.3 金融資產及金融負債

Financial assets and financial liabilities

2.3.1 初始確認

Initial recognition

土地註冊處營運基金會按起初取得資產或引致負債的目的將金融資產及金融負債作下列分類：貸出款項及應收帳款、持至期滿的證券及其他金融負債。

The LRTF classifies its financial assets and financial liabilities into different categories at inception, depending on the purpose for which the assets were acquired or the liabilities were incurred. The categories are : loans and receivables, held-to-maturity securities and other financial liabilities.

金融資產及金融負債最初按公平值計量；公平值通常相等於成交價，而就貸出款項及應收帳款、持至期滿的證券及其他金融負債而言，則加上因收購金融資產或產生金融負債而直接引致的交易成本。

Financial assets and financial liabilities are measured initially at fair value, which normally equals to the transaction prices, plus transaction costs for loans and receivables, held-to-maturity securities and other financial liabilities that are directly attributable to the acquisition of the financial asset or issue of the financial liability.

土地註冊處營運基金在成為有關金融工具的合約其中一方之日會確認有關金融資產及金融負債。至於購買及出售市場上有既定交收期的金融資產，則於交收日入帳。

The LRTF recognises financial assets and financial liabilities on the date it becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. Regular way purchases and sales of financial assets are accounted for at settlement date.

2.3.2 分類

Categorisation

2.3.2.1 貸出款項及應收帳款

Loans and receivables

貸出款項及應收帳款為具有固定或可以確定收支金額，但在活躍市場並沒有報價的非衍生金融資產，而土地註冊處營運基金亦無意將之持有作交易用途。此類別包括外匯基金存款、應收帳款、應收關連人士帳款、銀行存款及現金及銀行結餘。

Loans and receivables are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market and which the LRTF has no intention of trading. This category includes placement with the Exchange Fund, debtors, amounts due from related parties, bank deposits, and cash and bank balances.

貸出款項及應收帳款採用實際利率法按攤銷成本值扣除任何減值虧損(如有)列帳(附註2.3.4)。

Loans and receivables are carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method less impairment losses, if any (note 2.3.4).

財務報表附註(續) Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

2. 主要會計政策(續)

Significant accounting policies (continued)

2.3 金融資產及金融負債(續)

Financial assets and financial liabilities (continued)

2.3.2 分類(續)

Categorisation (continued)

2.3.2.1 貸出款項及應收帳款(續)

Loans and receivables (continued)

實際利率法是計算金融資產或金融負債的攤銷成本值，以及攤分在有關期間的利息收入或支出的方法。實際利率是指可將金融工具在預計有效期間(或適用的較短期間)內的預計現金收支，折現成該金融資產或金融負債的帳面淨值所適用的貼現率。土地註冊處營運基金在計算實際利率時，會考慮金融工具的所有合約條款以估計現金流量，但不會計及日後的信貸虧損。有關計算包括與實際利率相關的所有收取自或支付予合約各方的費用、交易成本及所有其他溢價或折讓。

The effective interest method is a method of calculating the amortised cost of a financial asset or a financial liability and of allocating the interest income or interest expense over the relevant period. The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash payments or receipts through the expected life of the financial instrument or, when appropriate, a shorter period to the net carrying amount of the financial asset or financial liability. When calculating the effective interest rate, the LRTF estimates cash flows considering all contractual terms of the financial instruments but does not consider future credit losses. The calculation includes all fees paid or received between parties to the contract that are an integral part of the effective interest rate, transaction costs and all other premiums or discounts.

2.3.2.2 持至期滿的證券

Held-to-maturity securities

持至期滿的證券為具有固定或可以確定收支金額及有固定到期日，而且土地註冊處營運基金有明確意向及能力，可以持有直至到期的非衍生金融資產，惟符合貸出款項及應收帳款定義的金融資產則除外。

Held-to-maturity securities are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments and fixed maturity which the LRTF has the positive intention and ability to hold to maturity, other than those that meet the definition of loans and receivables.

持至期滿的證券採用實際利率法按攤銷成本值扣除任何減值虧損(如有)列帳(附註2.3.4)。

Held-to-maturity securities are carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method less impairment losses, if any (note 2.3.4).

2.3.2.3 其他金融負債

Other financial liabilities

其他金融負債採用實際利率法按攤銷成本值列帳。

Other financial liabilities are carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

財務報表附註(續) Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

2. 主要會計政策(續)

Significant accounting policies (continued)

2.3 金融資產及金融負債(續)

Financial assets and financial liabilities (continued)

2.3.3 註銷確認

Derecognition

當從金融資產收取現金流量的合約權屆滿時，或已轉讓該金融資產及其絕大部分風險和回報的擁有權，該金融資產會被註銷確認。

A financial asset is derecognised when the contractual rights to receive the cash flows from the financial asset expire, or where the financial asset together with substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership have been transferred.

當合約指明的債務被解除、取消或到期時，該金融負債會被註銷確認。

A financial liability is derecognised when the obligation specified in the contract is discharged or cancelled, or when it expires.

2.3.4 金融資產減值

Impairment of financial assets

貸出款項及應收帳款、持至期滿的證券的帳面值會在每個報告期結束日作出評估，以確定是否有客觀的減值證據。貸出款項及應收帳款以及持至期滿的證券若存在減值證據，虧損會以該資產的帳面值與按其原本的實際利率用折現方式計算其預期未來現金流量的現值之間的差額，在全面收益表內確認。如其後減值虧損降低，並證實與在確認減值虧損後出現的事件相關，則該減值虧損會在全面收益表內回撥。

The carrying amount of loans and receivables and held-to-maturity securities are reviewed at the end of each reporting period to determine whether there is objective evidence of impairment. If any impairment evidence exists, a loss is recognised in the statement of comprehensive income as the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of estimated future cash flows discounted at the asset's original effective interest rate. If in a subsequent period, the amount of such impairment loss decreases and the decrease can be linked objectively to an event occurring after the impairment loss was recognised, the impairment loss is reversed through the statement of comprehensive income.

財務報表附註(續) Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

2. 主要會計政策(續)

Significant accounting policies (continued)

2.4 物業、設備及器材

Property, plant and equipment

於一九九三年八月一日撥歸土地註冊處營運基金的物業、設備及器材，最初的成本是按立法會所通過成立土地註冊處營運基金的決議案中所列的估值入帳。由一九九三年八月一日起新購的物業、設備及器材均按購入價入帳。

Property, plant and equipment appropriated to the LRTF on 1 August 1993 were measured initially at deemed cost equal to the value contained in the Legislative Council Resolution for the setting up of the LRTF. Property, plant and equipment acquired since 1 August 1993 are capitalised at their costs of acquisition.

以下物業、設備及器材以成本值扣除累計折舊及任何減值虧損列帳(附註2.6)：

- 於一九九三年八月一日撥歸土地註冊處營運基金的自用物業；及
- 設備及器材包括電腦器材、傢具與裝置，以及其他器材。

The following property, plant and equipment are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and any impairment losses (note 2.6) :

- buildings held for own use appropriated to the LRTF on 1 August 1993; and
- plant and equipment, including computer equipment, furniture and fittings and other equipment.

折舊是按照物業、設備及器材的估計可使用年期以直線法攤銷扣除估計剩餘值的成本值，計算方法如下：

- | | |
|------------|-----|
| — 建築物 | 30年 |
| — 電腦器材 | 5年 |
| — 器材、傢具及裝置 | 5年 |

Depreciation is calculated to write off the cost of property, plant and equipment, less their estimated residual value, on a straight-line basis over their estimated useful lives as follows :

- | | |
|-------------------------------------|----------|
| — Buildings | 30 years |
| — Computer equipment | 5 years |
| — Equipment, furniture and fittings | 5 years |

於一九九三年八月一日撥歸土地註冊處營運基金的土地(為土地註冊處營運基金之物業所在地)視為非折舊資產。

The land on which the LRTF's buildings are situated as appropriated to the LRTF on 1 August 1993 is regarded as a non-depreciating asset.

出售物業、設備及器材的損益以出售所得淨額與資產的帳面值之間的差額來決定，並在出售日於全面收益表內確認。

Gains or losses arising from the disposal of property, plant and equipment are determined as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset, and are recognised in the statement of comprehensive income at the date of disposal.

財務報表附註(續) Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

2. 主要會計政策(續)

Significant accounting policies (continued)

2.5 無形資產

Intangible assets

無形資產包括購入的電腦軟件牌照及已資本化的電腦軟件程式開發成本值。若電腦軟件程式在技術上可行，而土地註冊處營運基金有足夠資源及有意完成開發工作，有關的開發費用會被資本化。資本化費用包括直接工資及材料費用。無形資產按成本值扣除累計攤銷及任何減值虧損列帳(附註2.6)。

Intangible assets include acquired computer software licences and capitalised development costs of computer software programmes. Expenditure on development of computer software programmes is capitalised if the programmes are technically feasible and the LRTF has sufficient resources and the intention to complete development. The expenditure capitalised includes direct labour and cost of materials. Intangible assets are stated at cost less accumulated amortisation and any impairment losses (note 2.6).

無形資產的攤銷按估計可使用年期(5年)以直線法列入全面收益表。

Amortisation of intangible assets is charged to the statement of comprehensive income on a straight-line basis over the assets' estimated useful lives of 5 years.

2.6 固定資產的減值

Impairment of fixed assets

固定資產，包括物業、設備及器材，以及無形資產的帳面值在每個報告期結束日評估，以確定有否出現減值跡象。若有減值跡象而資產的帳面值高於其可收回數額，則有關減值虧損在全面收益表內確認。資產的可收回數額為其公平值減出售成本與使用值兩者中的較高者。

The carrying amounts of fixed assets, including property, plant and equipment and intangible assets, are reviewed at the end of each reporting period to identify any indication of impairment. If there is an indication of impairment, an impairment loss is recognised in the statement of comprehensive income whenever the carrying amount of an asset exceeds its recoverable amount. The recoverable amount of an asset is the greater of its fair value less costs to sell and value in use.

2.7 等同現金

Cash equivalents

等同現金指短期及流通性高的投資，該等項目在購入時距期滿日不超過3個月，並隨時可轉換為已知數額的現金，而其價值變動的風險不大。

Cash equivalents are short-term highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value, having been within three months of maturity at acquisition.

財務報表附註(續)

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

2. 主要會計政策(續)

Significant accounting policies (continued)

2.8 僱員福利

Employee benefits

土地註冊處營運基金的僱員包括公務員及合約員工。薪金、約滿酬金及年假開支均在僱員提供有關服務所在年度以應計基準確認入帳。就公務員而言，僱員附帶福利開支包括香港特別行政區政府(「政府」)給予僱員的退休金及房屋福利，均在僱員提供有關服務所在年度支銷。

The employees of LRTF comprise civil servants and contract staff. Salaries, staff gratuities, and annual leave entitlements are accrued and recognised as expenditure in the year in which the associated services are rendered by the staff. For civil servants, staff on-costs, including pensions and housing benefits provided to the staff by the Government of the Hong Kong Special Administrative Region ("the Government"), are charged as expenditure in the year in which the associated services are rendered.

就按可享退休金條款受聘的公務員的長俸負債已包括於支付予政府有關附帶福利開支中。就其他員工向強制性中央公積金計劃的供款於全面收益表中支銷。

For civil servants employed on pensionable terms, their pension liabilities are discharged by reimbursement of the staff on-cost charged by the Government. For other staff, contributions to Mandatory Provident Fund Scheme are charged to the statement of comprehensive income as incurred.

2.9 名義利得稅

Notional profits tax

- (i) 根據《稅務條例》(第112章)土地註冊處營運基金並無稅務責任，但政府要求土地註冊處營運基金須向政府一般收入支付一筆款項以代替利得稅(即名義利得稅)，該款項是根據《稅務條例》的規定所計算。本年度名義利得稅支出包括本期稅項及遞延稅項資產和負債的變動。

The LRTF has no tax liability under the Inland Revenue Ordinance (Cap. 112). However, the Government requires the LRTF to pay to the General Revenue an amount in lieu of profits tax (i.e. notional profits tax) calculated on the basis of the provisions of the Inland Revenue Ordinance. Notional profits tax expense for the year comprises current tax and movements in deferred tax assets and liabilities.

- (ii) 本期稅項為本年度對應課稅收入按報告期結束日已生效或實際有效的稅率計算的預計應付稅項，並包括以往年度應付稅項的任何調整。

Current tax is the expected tax payable on the taxable income for the year, using tax rates enacted or substantively enacted at the end of the reporting period, and any adjustment to tax payable in respect of previous years.

財務報表附註(續) Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

2. 主要會計政策(續)

Significant accounting policies (continued)

2.9 名義利得稅(續)

Notional profits tax (continued)

- (iii) 遞延稅項資產及負債是因納稅基礎計算的資產及負債與其帳面值之間的差異，而分別產生的可扣稅及應課稅的暫記差額。遞延稅項資產也可由未使用稅務虧損及稅項抵免而產生。

Deferred tax assets and liabilities arise from deductible and taxable temporary differences respectively, being the differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities for financial reporting purposes and their tax bases. Deferred tax assets also arise from unused tax losses and unused tax credits.

所有遞延稅項負債及未來可能有應課稅盈利予以抵銷的遞延稅項資產，均予確認。

All deferred tax liabilities, and all deferred tax assets to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which the assets can be utilised, are recognised.

遞延稅項的確認額是根據該資產及負債的帳面值之預期收回及結算的方式，按在報告期結束日已生效或實際有效的稅率計算。遞延稅項資產及負債不作折現。

The amount of deferred tax recognised is measured based on the expected manner of realisation or settlement of the carrying amount of the assets and liabilities, using tax rates enacted or substantively enacted at the end of the reporting period. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are not discounted.

遞延稅項資產的帳面金額在每個報告期結束日重新審閱，對預期不再有足夠的應課稅盈利以實現相關稅務利益的遞延稅項資產予以扣減。被扣減的遞延稅項資產會於預期將來出現足夠的應課稅盈利時撥回。

The carrying amount of a deferred tax asset is reviewed at the end of each reporting period and is reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available to allow the related tax benefit to be utilised. Any such reduction is reversed to the extent that it becomes probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available.

2.10 收入的確認

Revenue recognition

營運收入在提供服務時確認。利息收入採用實際利率法以應計方式確認。

Revenue is recognised as services are provided. Interest income is recognised as it accrues using the effective interest method.

財務報表附註(續)

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

2. 主要會計政策(續)

Significant accounting policies (continued)

2.11 外幣換算

Foreign currency translation

本年度外幣交易，按交易當日的匯率換算為港元。以非港幣計算的貨幣資產及負債，均按報告期結束日的匯率換算為港元。外匯換算產生的匯兌收益及虧損，會在全面收益表中確認。

Foreign currency transactions during the year are translated into Hong Kong dollars using the spot exchange rates at the transaction dates. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in currencies other than Hong Kong dollars are translated into Hong Kong dollars using the closing exchange rate at the end of the reporting period. Exchange gains and losses are recognised in the statement of comprehensive income.

2.12 關連人士

Related parties

土地註冊處營運基金是根據《營運基金條例》成立，並屬政府轄下的獨立會計單位。年內，土地註冊處營運基金在日常業務中與各關連人士進行交易。這些人士包括政府各局及部門、營運基金，以及受政府所管制或主要影響的財政自主機構。

The LRTF is a separate accounting entity within the Government established under the Trading Funds Ordinance. During the year, the LRTF has entered into transactions with various related parties, including government bureaux and departments, trading funds and financially autonomous bodies controlled or significantly influenced by the Government, in the ordinary course of its business.

2.13 新訂及經修訂香港財務報告準則的影響

Impact of new and revised HKFRSs

香港會計師公會已頒布自本會計期開始生效的多項新訂及經修訂的香港財務報告準則。適用於本財務報表所呈報的年度的會計政策，並未因這些發展而有任何改變。

The HKICPA has issued a number of new and revised HKFRSs that are effective for the current accounting period. There have been no changes to the accounting policies applied in these financial statements for the years presented as a result of these developments.

土地註冊處營運基金並沒有採納在本會計期尚未生效的任何新香港財務報告準則(附註24)。

The LRTF has not applied any new HKFRSs that are not yet effective for the current accounting period (note 24).

財務報表附註(續)

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

3. 營業額

Turnover

		2012	2011
辦理文件註冊	Registration of documents	212,097	318,737
查冊	Search	82,166	100,918
提供副本	Copying	78,361	93,372
業權報告	Reports on title	35,833	42,043
業主立案法團	Owners incorporation	10,804	10,542
其他	Others	7,535	7,784
總額	Total	426,796	573,396

4. 運作成本

Operating costs

		2012	2011
員工費用	Staff costs	247,968	241,152
一般運作開支	General operating expenses	12,617	16,904
電腦服務開支	Computer service charges	29,170	27,454
租金及管理費	Rental and management charges	16,121	16,782
中央行政費用	Central administrative overheads	3,097	1,826
折舊及攤銷	Depreciation and amortisation	30,552	35,248
處置固定資產虧損	Loss on disposal of fixed assets	—	982
審計費用	Audit fees	489	420
總額	Total	340,014	340,768

5. 其他收入

Other income

		2012	2011
銀行存款利息	Bank deposits interest	3,638	4,087
持至期滿證券利息	Held-to-maturity securities interest	5,312	5,303
外匯基金存款利息	Placement with the Exchange Fund interest	20,987	—
匯兌淨(虧損)/收益	Net exchange (loss)/gain	(238)	266
總額	Total	29,699	9,656

財務報表附註(續) Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

6. 名義利得稅

Notional profits tax

- (i) 於全面收益表內扣除的名義利得稅如下：

The notional profits tax charged to the statement of comprehensive income represents:

		2012	2011
本期稅項	Current tax		
本年名義利得稅的撥備	Provision for notional profits tax for the year	21,161	34,731
遞延稅項	Deferred tax		
暫記差額的產生及撥回	Origination and reversal of temporary differences	(3,022)	4,091
名義利得稅	Notional profits tax	18,139	38,822

- (ii) 稅項支出與全面收益表盈利按適用稅率計算的稅項兩者之對帳如下：

The reconciliation between tax expense and accounting profit at applicable tax rates is as follows:

		2012	2011
名義利得稅前盈利	Profit before notional profits tax	116,481	242,284
按香港利得稅率 16.5% (二零一一年度為 16.5%) 計算的稅項	Tax at Hong Kong profits tax rate of 16.5% (2011: 16.5%)	19,219	39,977
非應課稅收入的稅項影響	Tax effect of non-taxable revenue	(1,080)	(1,155)
實際稅項支出	Actual tax expense	18,139	38,822

財務報表附註(續)

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

7. 固定資產回報率

Rate of return on fixed assets

固定資產回報率是以總全面收益(不包括利息收入和利息支出)除以固定資產平均淨值所得的百分率。固定資產包括物業、設備、器材及無形資產。預期土地註冊處營運基金可以達致財政司司長定下每年固定資產回報率8.3%(二零一一年度為8.3%)的目標。

The rate of return on fixed assets is calculated as total comprehensive income (excluding interest income and interest expenses) divided by average net fixed assets, and expressed as a percentage. Fixed assets include property, plant and equipment and intangible assets. The LRTF is expected to meet a target rate of return on fixed assets of 8.3% (2011 : 8.3%) per year as determined by the Financial Secretary.

8. 物業、設備及器材

Property, plant and equipment

		土地及 建築物	電腦器材	器材、 傢具及裝置	總計
		Land and Buildings	Computer Equipment	Equipment, Furniture and Fittings	Total
成本	Cost				
在二零一零年四月一日	At 1 April 2010	350,000	122,797	19,475	492,272
添置	Additions	—	23,712	577	24,289
出售/註銷	Disposals	—	(66)	(1,636)	(1,702)
在二零一一年三月三十一日	At 31 March 2011	350,000	146,443	18,416	514,859
在二零一一年四月一日	At 1 April 2011	350,000	146,443	18,416	514,859
添置	Additions	—	3,597	199	3,796
在二零一二年三月三十一日	At 31 March 2012	350,000	150,040	18,615	518,655
累計折舊	Accumulated depreciation				
在二零一零年四月一日	At 1 April 2010	64,184	110,356	14,978	189,518
年度費用	Charge for the year	3,852	8,334	1,660	13,846
出售/註銷回撥	Written back on disposals	—	(66)	(654)	(720)
在二零一一年三月三十一日	At 31 March 2011	68,036	118,624	15,984	202,644
在二零一一年四月一日	At 1 April 2011	68,036	118,624	15,984	202,644
年度費用	Charge for the year	3,852	8,190	1,173	13,215
在二零一二年三月三十一日	At 31 March 2012	71,888	126,814	17,157	215,859
帳面淨值	Net book value				
在二零一二年三月三十一日	At 31 March 2012	278,112	23,226	1,458	302,796
在二零一一年三月三十一日	At 31 March 2011	281,964	27,819	2,432	312,215

財務報表附註(續) Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

9. 無形資產

Intangible assets

電腦軟件牌照及系統開發成本
Computer software licences
and system development costs
2012 2011

成本	Cost		
在年初	At beginning of year	178,002	167,787
添置	Additions	3,217	30,352
註銷	Disposals	—	(20,137)
在年終	At end of year	181,219	178,002
累計攤銷	Accumulated amortisation		
在年初	At beginning of year	112,788	111,523
年度費用	Charge for the year	17,337	21,402
註銷回撥	Written back on disposals	—	(20,137)
在年終	At end of year	130,125	112,788
帳面淨值	Net book value		
在年終	At end of year	51,094	65,214

財務報表附註(續) Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

10. 持至期滿的證券

Held-to-maturity securities

		2012	2011
按攤銷成本列帳 上市：	At amortised cost Listed:		
— 本港	— in Hong Kong	55,350	55,416
— 本港以外	— outside Hong Kong	15,100	15,108
非上市	Unlisted	70,450 30,715	70,524 30,569
總額	Total	101,165	101,093

11. 外匯基金存款

Placement with the Exchange Fund

外匯基金存款結餘為4.152億港元(二零一一年：無)，其中4億港元為原有存款，1,520萬港元為報告期結束日已入帳但尚未提取的利息。該存款為期六年(由存款日起計)，期內不能提取原有存款。

The balance of the placement with the Exchange Fund amounted to HK\$415.2 million (2011 : HK\$Nil), being the original placement of HK\$400 million plus HK\$15.2 million interest paid but not yet withdrawn at the end of the reporting period. The term of the placement is six years from the date of placement, during which the amount of original placement cannot be withdrawn.

外匯基金存款利息按每年1月釐定的固定息率計算。該息率是基金投資組合過去6年的平均年度投資回報，或3年期外匯基金債券在上一個年度的平均年度收益，兩者取其較高者，下限為0%。二零一二年固定息率為每年5.6%，二零一一年為每年6.0%。

Interest on the placement is payable at a fixed rate determined every January. The rate is the average annual investment return of the Exchange Fund's Investment Portfolio for the past six years or the average annual yield of three-year Exchange Fund Notes for the previous year subject to a minimum of zero percent, whichever is the higher. The interest rate has been fixed at 5.6% per annum for the year 2012 and at 6.0% per annum for the year 2011.

財務報表附註(續) Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

12. 遞延收入

Deferred revenue

指已售出但仍未使用的查冊票，及預先支付的訂購費用或其他服務收費。

This represents outstanding search tickets and subscription fees/other service charges received in advance of which services have not yet been rendered.

		2012	2011
查冊票	Search tickets	369	369
訂購費用或其他服務收費	Subscription fees/other service charges	10,675	13,246
總額	Total	11,044	13,615

13. 客戶按金

Customers' deposits

		2012	2011
網上服務登記用戶	Online services subscribers	26,497	25,776
各政府部門	Government departments	984	984
總額	Total	27,481	26,760

14. 僱員福利撥備

Provision for employee benefits

此為在計至報告期結束日就所提供的服務給予僱員年假及合約僱員約滿酬金的估計負債。

This represents the estimated liability for employees' annual leave and obligations on contract-end gratuities payable to contract staff for services rendered up to the end of the reporting period.

財務報表附註(續)

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

15. 遞延稅項

Deferred tax

在財務狀況表內確認的遞延稅項主要部分及年內的變動如下：

Major components of deferred tax recognised in the statement of financial position and the movements during the year are as follows :

		多於有關折舊及攤銷 的折舊免稅額 Depreciation allowances in excess of the related depreciation and amortisation	其他暫記差額 Other temporary differences	總額 Total
在二零一零年四月一日的結餘	Balance at 1 April 2010	10,789	(78)	10,711
於全面收益表內扣除	Charged to the statement of comprehensive income	4,091	—	4,091
在二零一一年三月三十一日的結餘	Balance at 31 March 2011	14,880	(78)	14,802
在二零一一年四月一日的結餘	Balance at 1 April 2011	14,880	(78)	14,802
於全面收益表內計入	Credited to the statement of comprehensive income	(3,010)	(12)	(3,022)
在二零一二年三月三十一日的結餘	Balance at 31 March 2012	11,870	(90)	11,780

財務報表附註(續) Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

16. 營運基金資本

Trading fund capital

此為政府對土地註冊處營運基金的投資。

This represents the Government's investment in the LRTF.

17. 保留盈利

Retained earnings

		2012	2011
在年初的結餘	Balance at beginning of year	762,680	660,949
年度總全面收益	Total comprehensive income for the year	98,342	203,462
擬發股息	Proposed dividend	(49,171)	(101,731)
在年終的結餘	Balance at end of year	811,851	762,680

18. 擬發股息

Proposed Dividend

向政府擬發股息是根據年度總全面收益及經財經事務及庫務局局長核准的年度營運計劃裏列出的50%目標派息比率(二零一一年:50%)作出。

The proposed dividend to the Government is based on the total comprehensive income for the year and the target dividend payout ratio of 50% (2011 : 50%) stated in the annual business plan approved by the Secretary for Financial Services and the Treasury.

19. 現金及等同現金

Cash and cash equivalents

		2012	2011
現金及銀行結餘	Cash and bank balances	48,292	53,623
銀行存款	Bank deposits	170,000	580,000
小計	Subtotal	218,292	633,623
減：原有限為3個月 以上的銀行存款	Less: Bank deposits with original maturity over three months	—	(40,000)
現金及等同現金	Cash and cash equivalents	218,292	593,623

財務報表附註(續) Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

20. 關連人士交易

Related party transactions

除了在本財務報表的其他部分披露的與關連人士交易外，年內與關連人士進行的其他重大交易摘述如下：

Apart from those separately disclosed in the financial statements, the other material related party transactions for the year are summarised as follows :

- (i) 土地註冊處營運基金向關連人士提供的服務包括土地文件註冊、查閱土地登記冊及土地記錄，以及提供土地記錄副本和業權報告。這些服務為土地註冊處營運基金帶來的總收入達7,300萬港元(二零一一年度為8,100萬港元)，這金額已計算在附註3的營業額項下。

Services provided to related parties included registration of land documents, search of land registers and records, supply of copies of land records and reports on title. The total revenue derived from these services amounted to HK\$73 million (2011 : HK\$81 million). This amount is included in turnover under note 3.

- (ii) 關連人士向土地註冊處營運基金提供的服務包括有關電腦、辦公地方、中央行政和審計的服務。土地註冊處營運基金在這些服務方面的總開支達2,500萬港元(二零一一年度為2,600萬港元)，這金額已計算在附註4的運作成本項下。

Services received from related parties included computer services, accommodation, central administration and auditing. The total cost incurred on these services amounted to HK\$25 million (2011 : HK\$26 million). This amount is included in operating costs under note 4.

- (iii) 向關連人士購入的固定資產包括裝置工程。這些資產的總成本為20萬港元(二零一一年度為100萬港元)。

Acquisition of fixed assets from related parties included fitting out projects. The total cost of these assets amounted to HK\$0.2 million (2011 : HK\$1 million).

土地註冊處營運基金向關連人士提供服務的收費和接受這些人士服務的收費都是按照劃一標準計算，即同時提供給公眾的服務，收費和公眾一樣；至於只提供給關連人士的服務，則按服務的十足成本計算。

Charging for services rendered to or received from related parties was on the same basis, that is, at the rates payable by the general public for services which were also available to the public or on a full cost recovery basis for services which were available only to related parties.

財務報表附註(續) Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

21. 金融風險管理

Financial risk management

(i) 投資政策

Investment policy

土地註冊處營運基金以審慎保守的方式來投資包括外匯基金存款、債務證券及銀行存款的金融資產。投資的決定是按照由財經事務及庫務局局長、香港金融管理局所發出的指引，並符合其他有關規例。投資的債務證券是由政府或由信貸評級可靠的香港半官方機構發出。一般來說，投資的債務證券會持至期滿。

The LRTF maintains a conservative approach on investments in financial assets including placement with the Exchange Fund, debt securities and bank deposits. Investment decisions are made according to the guidelines from the Secretary for Financial Services and the Treasury, Hong Kong Monetary Authority and other relevant regulations. Invested debt securities are issued by the Government or quasi-government bodies in Hong Kong with sound credit ratings and are in general held to maturity.

(ii) 信貸風險

Credit risk

信貸風險指金融工具的一方將不能履行責任而且會引致另一方蒙受財務損失的風險。

Credit risk is the risk that one party to a financial instrument will fail to discharge an obligation and cause the other party to incur a financial loss.

在報告期結束日所須承擔的最高信貸風險(未計及持有的任何抵押品或其他提升信貸質素項目)如下：

The maximum exposure to credit risk at the end of the reporting period without taking account of any collateral held or other credit enhancements is shown below :

		2012	2011
持至期滿的證券	Held-to-maturity securities	101,165	101,093
外匯基金存款	Placement with the Exchange Fund	415,205	—
應收帳款	Debtors	16,050	11,979
應收關連人士帳款	Amounts due from related parties	6,796	11,968
銀行存款	Bank deposits	170,000	580,000
銀行結餘	Bank balances	48,253	53,585
總額	Total	757,469	758,625

為盡量減低信貸風險，所有定期存款均存於香港的持牌銀行。

To minimise credit risks, all fixed deposits are placed with licensed banks in Hong Kong.

財務報表附註(續)

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

21. 金融風險管理(續)

Financial risk management (continued)

(ii) 信貸風險(續)

Credit risk (continued)

土地註冊處營運基金的信貸風險，主要取決於應收帳款及債務證券的投資。土地註冊處營運基金訂有風險政策，並持續監察須承擔的信貸風險。

The LRTF's credit risk is primarily attributable to debtors, placement with the Exchange Fund and investments in debt securities. The LRTF has a credit policy in place and the exposure to these credit risks is monitored on an ongoing basis.

關於應收帳款，網上服務登記用戶須繳付按金。

In respect of debtors, deposits are required from the LRTF's online services subscribers.

至於外匯基金存款，其相關信貸風險亦甚低。

For the placement with the Exchange Fund, the credit risk is considered to be low.

債務證券投資方面，只考慮獲穆迪或標準普爾評為投資級別的債務證券。在報告期結束日，債務證券投資的信貸質素(以穆迪或標準普爾的評級中的較低者分析)如下：

For investments in debt securities, only those classified under the investment grade by Moody's or Standard & Poor's are considered. At the end of the reporting period, the credit quality of investments in debt securities, analysed by the lower of ratings designated by Moody's or Standard & Poor's, is as follows :

		2012	2011
持至期滿的證券 (按信貸級別排列)	Held-to-maturity securities by credit rating		
Aa1至Aa3/AA+至AA-	Aa1 to Aa3/AA+ to AA-	101,165	101,093

財務報表附註(續) Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

21. 金融風險管理(續)

Financial risk management (continued)

(iii) 流動資金風險

Liquidity risk

流動資金風險指某一實體將難以履行與金融負債相關的責任的風險。

Liquidity risk is the risk that an entity will encounter difficulty in meeting obligations associated with financial liabilities.

根據《營運基金條例》，土地註冊處營運基金須負責其現金管理，包括盈餘現金的長短期投資，惟須獲財政司司長批准。土地註冊處營運基金的政策是定期監察即時及預期的流動資金需要，確保能維持足夠的現金儲備，以符合長短期的流動資金需要。土地註冊處營運基金的流動資金狀況穩健，故其面對的流動資金風險甚低。

Under the Trading Funds Ordinance, the LRTF is responsible for its own cash management, including short-term and long-term investment of cash surpluses, subject to approval by the Financial Secretary. The LRTF's policy is to regularly monitor current and expected liquidity requirements to ensure that it maintains sufficient reserves of cash to meet its liquidity requirements in the short and longer term. As the LRTF has a strong liquidity position, it has a very low level of liquidity risk.

(iv) 利率風險

Interest rate risk

利率風險指因市場利率變動而引致虧損的風險。利率風險可進一步分為公平值利率風險及現金流量利率風險。

Interest rate risk refers to the risk of loss arising from changes in market interest rates. This can be further classified into fair value interest rate risk and cash flow interest rate risk.

公平值利率風險指金融工具的公平值會因市場利率變動而波動的風險。由於土地註冊處營運基金的持至期滿的證券及銀行存款為定息金融工具，當市場利率上升，這些金融工具的公平值便會下跌。然而，由於上述金融資產均按攤銷成本值列示，市場利率的變動不會影響相關帳面值及土地註冊處營運基金的盈利和儲備。

Fair value interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. Since the LRTF's held-to-maturity securities and bank deposits bear interest at fixed rates, their fair values will fall when market interest rates increase. However, as all these financial assets are stated at amortised cost, changes in market interest rates will not affect their carrying amounts and the LRTF's profit and reserves.

財務報表附註(續)

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

21. 金融風險管理(續)

Financial risk management (continued)

(iv) 利率風險(續)

Interest rate risk (continued)

現金流量利率風險指金融工具的未來現金流量會因市場利率變動而波動的風險。土地註冊處營運基金無須面對重大的現金流量利率風險，因為其持有的主要金融工具都不是浮息金融工具。

Cash flow interest rate risk is the risk that future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. The LRTF is not exposed to material cash flow interest rate risk because it has no major financial instruments bearing interest at a floating rate.

下表按主要計息資產在報告期結束日的帳面值，以及合約重訂利率日期或到期日兩者中的較早者，分類列示土地註冊處營運基金所面對的利率風險。

The table below sets out the LRTF's exposure to interest rate risk, based on the major interest bearing assets stated at carrying amounts at the end of the reporting period and categorised by the earlier of contractual repricing dates or maturity dates.

		3個月或以下 3 months or less	超過3個月 但不超過1年 More than 3 months but not more than 1 year	超過1年 但不超過5年 More than 1 year but not more than 5 years	總額 Total
2012					
持至期滿的證券	Held-to-maturity securities	—	—	101,165	101,165
銀行存款	Bank deposits	170,000	—	—	170,000
總額	Total	170,000	—	101,165	271,165
2011					
持至期滿的證券	Held-to-maturity securities	—	—	101,093	101,093
銀行存款	Bank deposits	580,000	—	—	580,000
總額	Total	580,000	—	101,093	681,093

財務報表附註(續) Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

21. 金融風險管理(續)

Financial risk management (continued)

(v) 貨幣風險

Currency risk

貨幣風險指金融工具的公平值或未來現金流量會因匯率變動而波動的風險。

Currency risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in foreign exchange rates.

土地註冊處營運基金的一般業務交易是以港元為單位，因而不會引致貨幣風險。

The LRTF's normal business transactions are denominated in Hong Kong dollars and therefore do not give rise to currency risk.

至於以美元為單位的投資，基於港元與美元掛鈎，土地註冊處營運基金的貨幣風險甚低。

In respect of investments denominated in United States dollars, owing to the linked exchange rate of the Hong Kong dollar to the United States dollar, the LRTF has a very low level of currency risk.

在報告期結束日，以美元為本位的金融資產總計有1.02億港元(二零一一年度為1.02億港元)。剩餘的金融資產及所有金融負債均以港元為本位。

At the end of the reporting period, financial assets totalling HK\$102 million (2011 : HK\$102 million) were denominated in United States dollars. The remaining financial assets and all financial liabilities were denominated in Hong Kong dollars.

(vi) 其他財務風險

Other financial risk

土地註冊處營運基金因於每年一月釐定的外匯基金存款息率(附註11)的變動而須面對金融風險。於二零一二年三月三十一日，假設二零一一年及二零一二年的息率增加／減少50個基點而其他因素不變，估計年度盈利及儲備將增加／減少180萬港元。

The LRTF is exposed to financial risk arising from changes in the interest rate on the placement with the Exchange Fund which is determined every January (Note 11). It was estimated that, as at 31 March 2012, a 50 basis point increase/decrease in the interest rates for 2011 and 2012, with all other variables held constant, would increase/decrease the profit for the year and reserves by HK\$1.8 million.

財務報表附註(續) Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

21. 金融風險管理(續)

Financial risk management (continued)

(vii) 公平值

Fair values

在活躍市場買賣的金融工具的公平值是根據報告期結束日的市場報價釐定。如沒有該等市場報價，則以現值或其他估值方法以報告期結束日的市況數據評估其公平值。

The fair value of financial instruments traded in active markets is based on quoted market prices at the end of the reporting period. In the absence of such quoted market prices, fair values are estimated using present value or other valuation techniques, using inputs based on market conditions existing at the end of the reporting period.

持至期滿的證券在報告期結束日的公平值如下：

The fair values of held-to-maturity securities at the end of the reporting period were as follows :

		帳面值 Carrying value		公平值 Fair value	
		2012	2011	2012	2011
持至期滿的證券	Held-to-maturity securities	101,165	101,093	107,954	109,842

所有其他金融工具均以與其公平值相同或相差不大的金額在財務狀況表內列帳。

All other financial instruments are stated in the statement of financial position at amounts equal to or not materially different from their fair values.

22. 資本承擔

Capital commitments

在二零一二年三月三十一日，土地註冊處營運基金有下列尚未列入財務報表的資本承擔：

At 31 March 2012, the LRTF had capital commitments, so far as not provided for in the financial statements, as follows :

		2012	2011
已批准及簽約	Authorised and contracted for	1,920	3,095
已批准惟未簽約	Authorised but not yet contracted for	85,515	75,880
總額	Total	87,435	78,975

財務報表附註(續)

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

23. 經營租約承擔

Operating lease commitments

在二零一二年三月三十一日，根據不可撤銷的土地及建築物經營租約在未來的最低應付租賃款項總額如下：

At 31 March 2012, the total future minimum lease payments under non-cancellable operating leases for land and buildings were payable as follows :

		2012	2011
不超過一年	Not later than one year	3,646	2,819
超過一年但不超過五年	Later than one year but not later than five years	2,434	726
總額	Total	6,080	3,545

24. 已頒布但於截至二零一二年三月三十一日止年度尚未生效的修訂、新準則及詮釋可能造成的影響

Possible impact of amendments, new standards and interpretations issued but not yet effective for the year ended 31 March 2012

直至本財務報表發出之日，香港會計師公會已頒布多項修訂、新準則及詮釋。其中包括於截至二零一二年三月三十一日止年度尚未生效，亦沒有提前在本財務報表中被採納的修訂、新準則及詮釋。

Up to the date of issue of these financial statements, the HKICPA has issued a number of amendments, new standards and interpretations which are not yet effective for the year ended 31 March 2012 and which have not been early adopted in these financial statements.

土地註冊處營運基金正就該等修訂、新準則及詮釋在首次採納期間預計會產生的影響進行評估。迄今的結論是採納該等修訂、新準則及詮釋不大可能會對土地註冊處營運基金的運作成果及財務狀況有重大影響。

The LRTF is in the process of making an assessment of what the impact of these amendments, new standards and interpretations is expected to be in the period of initial adoption. So far it has concluded that the adoption of them is unlikely to have a significant impact on the LRTF's results of operations and financial position.

財務報表附註(續)

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

24. 已頒布但於截至二零一二年三月三十一日止年度尚未生效的修訂、新準則及詮釋可能造成的影響(續)

Possible impact of amendments, new standards and interpretations issued but not yet effective for the year ended 31 March 2012 (continued)

下列財務報告準則修訂及新準則可能會導致日後的財務報表須作出新的或經修訂的資料披露：

The following developments may result in new or amended disclosures in future financial statements :

	在以下日期或之後 開始的會計期生效 Effective for accounting periods beginning on or after
香港會計準則第1號(經修訂)「財務報表的呈報」的修訂 — 其他全面收益項目的呈報	二零一二年七月一日
Amendments to HKAS 1 (Revised), Presentation of Financial Statements — Presentation of Items of Other Comprehensive Income	1 July 2012
香港會計準則第19號(2011)「僱員福利」	二零一三年一月一日
HKAS 19 (2011), Employee Benefits	1 January 2013
香港會計準則第32號「金融工具：呈報」的修訂： — 金融資產與金融負債的對銷	二零一四年一月一日
Amendments to HKAS 32, Financial Instruments: Presentation — Offsetting Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities	1 January 2014
香港財務報告準則第7號「金融工具：披露」的修訂： — 披露—金融資產的轉移 — 披露—金融資產與金融負債的對銷	二零一一年七月一日 二零一三年一月一日
Amendments to HKFRS 7, Financial Instruments: Disclosures — Disclosures — Transfer of Financial Assets — Disclosures — Offsetting Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities	1 July 2011 1 January 2013
香港財務報告準則第9號「金融工具」	二零一五年一月一日
HKFRS 9, Financial Instruments	1 January 2015
香港財務報告準則第13號「公平值計量」	二零一三年一月一日
HKFRS 13, Fair Value Measurement	1 January 2013